## United States Department of the Interior

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY<br>Reston, Virginia 20192<br>\section*{REPORT OF CALIBRATION}

November 02, 2016


| Camera type: | Wild RC30* |
| :--- | :--- |
| Lens type: | Wild Universal Aviogon /4-S |
| Nominal focal Length: | 153 mm |


| Camera serial no.: | 5297 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Lens serial no.: | 13344 |
| Maximum aperture: | $\mathrm{f} / 4$ |
| Test aperture: | $\mathrm{f} / 4$ |

Keystone Aerial Surveys, Inc. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

## Reference:

These measurements were made on Agfa glass plates, 0.19 inch thick, with spectroscopic emulsion type APX Panchromatic, developed in D-19 at $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for 3 minutes with continuous agitation. These photographic plates were exposed on a multicollimator camera calibrator using a white light source rated at approximately 5200 K .

## I. Calibrated Focal Length: $\quad 153.557 \mathrm{~mm}$

## II. Lens Distortion

| Field angle: | $7.5^{\circ}$ | $15^{\circ}$ | $22.7^{\circ}$ | $30^{\circ}$ | $35^{\circ}$ | $40^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Symmetric radial $(\mu \mathrm{m})$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | -1 |
| Decentering tangential $(\mu \mathrm{m})$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |


| Symmetric radial distortion | Decentering distortion | Calibrated principal point |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{K}_{0}=0.1918 \mathrm{E}-04$ | $\mathrm{P}_{1}=-0.1247 \mathrm{E}-06$ | $\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.011 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $\mathrm{K}_{1}=-0.5171 \mathrm{E}-08$ | $\mathrm{P}_{2}=0.1589 \mathrm{E}-06$ | $\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{p}}=-0.001 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $\mathrm{K}_{2}=0.2575 \mathrm{E}-12$ | $\mathrm{P}_{3}=0.0000$ |  |
| $\mathrm{K}_{3}=0.0000$ | $\mathrm{P}_{4}=0.0000$ |  |
| $\mathrm{K}_{4}=0.0000$ |  |  |

The values and parameters for Calibrated Focal Length (CFL), Symmetric Radial Distortion ( $\mathrm{K}_{0}, \mathrm{~K}_{1}, \mathrm{~K}_{2}, \mathrm{~K}_{3}, \mathrm{~K}_{4}$ ), Decentering Distortion ( $\mathrm{P}_{1}, \mathrm{P}_{2}, \mathrm{P}_{3}, \mathrm{P}_{4}$ ), and Calibrated Principal Point [point of symmetry] ( $\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{p}}, \mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{p}}$ ) were determined through a least-squares Simultaneous Multiframe Analytical Calibration (SMAC) adjustment. The x and y -coordinate measurements utilized in the adjustment of the above parameters have a standard deviation ( $\sigma$ ) of $\pm 3$ microns.

[^0]
## III. Lens Resolving Power in cycles/mm

Area-weighted average resolution: 113

| Field angle: | $0^{\circ}$ | $7.5^{\circ}$ | $15^{\circ}$ | $22.7^{\circ}$ | $30^{\circ}$ | $35^{\circ}$ | $40^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Radial Lines | 134 | 159 | 134 | 134 | 113 | 113 | 95 |
| Tangential Lines | 134 | 134 | 134 | 113 | 113 | 95 | 80 |

The resolving power is obtained by photographing a series of test bars and examining the resultant image with appropriate magnification to find the spatial frequency of the finest pattern in which the bars can be counted with reasonable confidence. The series of patterns has spatial frequencies from 5 to 268 cycles $/ \mathrm{mm}$ in a geometric series having a ratio of the 4th root of 2. Radial lines are parallel to a radius from the center of the field, and tangential lines are perpendicular to a radius.

## IV. Filter Parallelism

The two surfaces of the Wild 525 filter No. 7652 accompanying this camera are within 10 seconds of being parallel. This filter was used for the calibration.

## V. Shutter Calibration

| Indicated Time ( sec ) | Rise Time ( $\mu \mathrm{sec}$ ) | Fall Time ( $\mu$ | $1 / 2$ Width Time (ms) | Nom. Speed ( sec ) | Efficiency (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1/125 | 953 | 949 | 7.38 | 1/150 | 92 |
| 1/250 | 516 | 565 | 4.14 | 1/260 | 93 |
| 1/500 | 304 | 285 | 2.20 | 1/500 | 92 |
| 1/1000 | 152 | 144 | 1.15 | 1/940 | 92 |

The effective exposure times were determined with the lens at aperature $f / 4$. The method is considered accurate within 3 percent. The technique used is described in International Standard ISO 516:1999(E).

## VI. Film Platen

The platen mounted in Wild drive unit No. 5297 does not depart from a true plane by more than $13 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ (0.0005 in).

This camera is equipped with a platen identification marker that will register " 678 " in the data strip area for each exposure.
VII. Principal Point and Fiducial Mark Coordinates


Indicated principal point, corner fiducials
Indicated principal point, midside fiducials
Principal point of autocollimation (PPA)
Calibrated principal point (point of symmetry)
Fiducial Marks
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
En Fiducial marks

Corner fiducials (diagonals) $\quad 1-2: \quad 299.816 \mathrm{~mm}$
Lines joining these markers intersect at an angle o $90^{\circ} 00^{\prime} 02^{\prime \prime}$
Midside fiducials 5-6: 223.984 mm
Lines joining these markers intersect at an angle o $89^{\circ} 59^{\prime} 54^{\prime \prime}$
Corner fiducials (perimeter) 1-3: 211.993 mm
1-4: $\quad 211.997 \mathrm{~mm}$

## VIII. Distances Between Fiducial marks

3-4: $\quad 299.795 \mathrm{~mm}$
$-106.005 \quad-105.994$
$106.005 \quad 106.000$
105.992 -105.994
-111.993 0.006
111.9920 .004
$0.003 \quad 112.014$
$-0.006 \quad-111.992$

| X coordinate $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Y coordinate $(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0.000 | 0.003 |
| -0.001 | 0.005 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 0.011 | -0.001 |

7-8: $\quad 224.006 \mathrm{~mm}$

- 21.997 mid


## IX. Stereomodel Flatness

FMC Drive Unit No: 5297
Platen ID: 678
Base/Height ratio:
0.6

Maximum angle of field tested: $40^{\circ}$


The values shown on the diagram are the average departures from flatness (at negative scale) for two computer-simulated stereo models. The values are based on comparator measurements on Agfa Avitone P3p copy film made from Agfa Aviphot Pan 200 film exposures. These measurements are considered accurate to within $5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.

## X. System Resolving Power on film in cycles/mm

Area-weighted average resolution: 52
Film: Pan 200

| Field angle: | $0^{\circ}$ | $7.5^{\circ}$ | $15^{\circ}$ | $22.7^{\circ}$ | $30^{\circ}$ | $35^{\circ}$ | $40^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Radial Lines | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 48 | 48 |
| Tangential Lines | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 48 | 48 | 40 |

This aerial mapping camera calibration report supersedes the previously issued USGS Report No. OSL/3626, dated February 1, 2013.


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Climate and Land Use Change


[^0]:    * Equipped with Forward Motion Compensation

